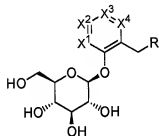


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): A nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative represented by the general formula:



[wherein X^1 represents N or CR^1 ;

X^2 represents N or CR^2 ;

X^3 represents N or CR^3 ;

X^4 represents N or CR^4 ;

and with the proviso that one or two of X^1 , X^2 , X^3 and X^4 represent N;

R represents a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (A), a C_{6-10} aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (B), a C_{2-9} heterocycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (A), or a C_{1-9} heteroaryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (B);

R^1 to R^4 are the same or different, independently represents a hydrogen atom or a group selected from the following substituent group (D);

substituent group (A) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, an oxo group, - G^1 , - OG^2 , - SG^2 , - $N(G^2)_2$, - $C(=O)G^2$, - $C(=O)OG^2$, - $C(=O)N(G^2)_2$, - $S(=O)_2G^2$, - $S(=O)_2OG^2$, - $S(=O)_2N(G^2)_2$, - $S(=O)G^1$, - $OC(=O)G^1$, - $OC(=O)N(G^2)_2$, - $NHC(=O)G^2$, - $OS(=O)_2G^1$, - $NHS(=O)_2G^1$ and - $C(=O)NHS(=O)_2G^1$;

substituent group (B) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, - G^1 , - OG^2 , - SG^2 , - $N(G^2)_2$, - G^3OG^4 , - $G^3N(G^4)_2$, - $C(=O)G^2$, - $C(=O)OG^2$, - $C(=O)N(G^2)_2$, - $S(=O)_2G^2$, - $S(=O)_2OG^2$, - $S(=O)_2N(G^2)_2$, - $S(=O)G^1$, - $OC(=O)G^1$, - $OC(=O)N(G^2)_2$, - $NHC(=O)G^2$, - $OS(=O)_2G^1$, - $NHS(=O)_2G^1$ and - $C(=O)NHS(=O)_2G^1$

(in the substituent group (A) and/or (B), G^1 represents a C_{1-6} alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkenyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkynyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{6-10} aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C_{2-9} heterocycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{1-9} heteroaryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D); G^2 represents a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkenyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6}

alkynyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C₂₋₉ heterocycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), and with the proviso that G² are the same or different when there are more than one G² in the substituents;

G³ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group;

G⁴ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), and with the proviso that G⁴ are the same or different when there are more than one G⁴ in the substituents;

substituent group (C) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, an oxo group, -G⁵, -OG⁶, -SG⁶, -N(G⁶)₂, -C(=O)G⁶, -C(=O)OG⁶, -C(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)₂G⁶, -S(=O)₂OG⁶, -S(=O)₂N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -NHC(=O)G⁶, -OS(=O)₂G⁵, -NHS(=O)₂G⁵ and -C(=O)NHS(=O)₂G⁵;

substituent group (D) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, -G⁵, -OG⁶, -SG⁶, -N(G⁶)₂, -C(=O)G⁶, -C(=O)OG⁶, -C(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)₂G⁶, -S(=O)₂OG⁶, -S(=O)₂N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -NHC(=O)G⁶, -OS(=O)₂G⁵, -NHS(=O)₂G⁵ and -C(=O)NHS(=O)₂G⁵

(in the substituent group (C) and/or (D), G⁵ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a HO-C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkenyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkynyl group, a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group, a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group, a C₂₋₉ heterocycloalkyl group or a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group;

G⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkenyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkynyl group, a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group, a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group, a C₂₋₉ heterocycloalkyl group or a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group, and with the proviso that G⁶ are the same or different when there are more than one G⁶ in the substituents))

and with the proviso that when X¹ and X³ independently represent N or CH;

X² represents N or CR² (with the proviso that when R² represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group, -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl, an amino group, -NH-C₂₋₇ acyl, -NH-C₁₋₆ alkyl or -N(C₁₋₆ alkyl)₂); and

when X⁴ represents N or CR⁴ (with the proviso that when R⁴ represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁₋₆ alkyl group), R represents the above-defined group except for the following substituent:



(wherein Z represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁₋₆ alkyl group which may have a substituent selected from the following substituent group (α), -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl which may have a substituent selected from the following substituent group (β), -S-C₁₋₆ alkyl which may have a substituent selected from the following substituent group (β) or a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group; substituent group (α) consists of a halogen atom, a hydroxy group and -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl; and substituent group (β) consists of a hydroxy group and -O-C₁₋₆ alkyl)] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof.

2. (currently amended): A nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1 wherein R represents a phenyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups

selected from the following substituent group (B), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof [[:]]

Substituent-substituent group (B) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, $-G^1$, $-OG^2$, $-SG^2$, $-N(G^2)_2$, $-G^3OG^4$, $-G^3N(G^4)_2$, $-C(=O)G^2$, $-C(=O)OG^2$, $-C(=O)N(G^2)_2$, $-S(=O)_2G^2$, $-S(=O)_2OG^2$, $-S(=O)_2N(G^2)_2$, $-S(=O)G^1$, $-OC(=O)G^1$, $-OC(=O)N(G^2)_2$, $-NHC(=O)G^2$, $-OS(=O)_2G^1$, $-NHS(=O)_2G^1$ and $-C(=O)NHS(=O)_2G^1$

(in the substituent group (B), G^1 represents a C_{1-6} alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkenyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkynyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{6-10} aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C_{2-9} heterocycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{1-9} heteroaryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D);

G^2 represents a hydrogen atom, a C_{1-6} alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkenyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{2-6} alkynyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), a C_{6-10} aryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C_{2-9}

heterocycloalkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (D), and with the proviso that G² are the same or different when there are more than one G² in the substituents;

G³ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group;

G⁴ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group which may have the same or different 1 to 3 groups selected from the following substituent group (C), and with the proviso that G⁴ are the same or different when there are more than one G⁴ in the substituents;

substituent group (C) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, an oxo group, -G⁵, -OG⁶, -SG⁶, -N(G⁶)₂, -C(=O)G⁶, -C(=O)OG⁶, -C(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)₂G⁶, -S(=O)₂OG⁶, -S(=O)₂N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -NHC(=O)G⁶, -OS(=O)₂G⁵, -NHS(=O)₂G⁵ and -C(=O)NHS(=O)₂G⁵; and

substituent group (D) consists of a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, -G⁵, -OG⁶, -SG⁶, -N(G⁶)₂, -C(=O)G⁶, -C(=O)OG⁶, -C(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)₂G⁶, -S(=O)₂OG⁶, -S(=O)₂N(G⁶)₂, -S(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)G⁵, -OC(=O)N(G⁶)₂, -NHC(=O)G⁶, -OS(=O)₂G⁵, -NHS(=O)₂G⁵ and -C(=O)NHS(=O)₂G⁵

(in the substituent group (C) and/or (D), G⁵ represents a C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkenyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkynyl group, a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group, a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group, a C₂₋₉ heterocycloalkyl group or a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group; and

G⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁₋₆ alkyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkenyl group, a C₂₋₆ alkynyl group, a C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl group, a C₆₋₁₀ aryl group, a C₂₋₉ heterocycloalkyl group or a C₁₋₉ heteroaryl group, and with the proviso that G⁶ are the same or different when there are more than one G⁶ in the substituents)).

3. (original): A pharmaceutical composition comprising as an active ingredient a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1 or 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof.

4. (original): A pharmaceutical composition as claimed in claim 3 wherein the composition is a human SGLT2 inhibitor.

Claims 5-9 (canceled).

10. (currently amended): A method for the ~~prevention or~~ treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia, which comprises administering an effective amount of a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1 or 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof.

Claim 11 (canceled).

12. (original): A pharmaceutical combination which comprises (A) a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1 or 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof, and (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, insulin or an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-

phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a γ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- κ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an *N*-acetylated- α -linked-acid-dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin, EGB-761, bimocmolol, sulodexide, Y-128, a hydroxymethyl-glutaryl coenzyme A reductase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a β_3 -adrenoceptor agonist, an acyl-coenzyme A: cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor, probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxxygenase inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant, a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist, an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist, a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an α_2 -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalizer.

13. (currently amended): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 12 for the ~~prevention or~~ treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia.

14. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 13 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, insulin or an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist and an appetite suppressant, and the disease associated with hyperglycemia is diabetes.

15. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 14 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, insulin or an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic

gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue and an amylin agonist.

16. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 15 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer and insulin or an insulin analogue.

17. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 13 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, insulin or an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitors, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a γ -aminobutyric acid antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- κ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an *N*-acetylated- α -linked-acid-dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth

factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin, EGB-761, bimoclomol, sulodexide, Y-128, an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist, an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin receptor antagonist and a diuretic agent, and the disease associated with hyperglycemia is diabetic complications.

18. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 17 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an aldose reductase inhibitor, an angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, a neutral endopeptidase inhibitor and an angiotensin II receptor antagonist.

19. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 13 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, a β_3 -adrenoceptor agonist and an appetite suppressant, and the disease associated with hyperglycemia is obesity.

20. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 19 wherein a component (B) is at least one member selected from the group consisting of a β_3 -adrenoceptor agonist and an appetite suppressant.

21. (original): A pharmaceutical combination as claimed in claim 20 wherein the appetite suppressant is a drug selected from the group consisting of a monoamine reuptake inhibitor, a serotonin reuptake inhibitor, a serotonin releasing stimulant, a serotonin agonist, a noradrenaline reuptake inhibitor, a noradrenaline releasing stimulant, an α_1 -adrenoceptor agonist, a β_2 -adrenoceptor agonist, a dopamine agonist, a cannabinoid receptor antagonist, a γ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a H_3 -histamine antagonist, L-histidine, leptin, a leptin analogue, a leptin receptor agonist, a melanocortin receptor agonist, α -melanocyte stimulating hormone, cocaine-and amphetamine-regulated transcript, mahogany protein, an enterostatin agonist, calcitonin, calcitonin-gene-related peptide, bombesin, a cholecystokinin agonist, corticotropin-releasing hormone, a corticotropin-releasing hormone analogue, a corticotropin-releasing hormone agonist, urocortin, somatostatin, a somatostatin analogue, a somatostatin receptor agonist, pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating peptide, brain-derived neurotrophic factor, ciliary neurotrophic factor, thyrotropin-releasing hormone, neurotensin, sauvagine, a neuropeptide Y antagonist, an opioid peptide antagonist, a galanin antagonist, a melanin-concentrating hormone receptor antagonist, an agouti-related protein inhibitor and an orexin receptor antagonist.

22. (currently amended): A method for the ~~prevention or~~ treatment of a disease associated with hyperglycemia, which comprises administering an effective amount of (A) a

nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1 or 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof, in combination with (B) at least one member selected from the group consisting of an insulin sensitivity enhancer, a glucose absorption inhibitor, a biguanide, an insulin secretion enhancer, insulin or an insulin analogue, a glucagon receptor antagonist, an insulin receptor kinase stimulant, a tripeptidyl peptidase II inhibitor, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, a protein tyrosine phosphatase-1B inhibitor, a glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor, a glucose-6-phosphatase inhibitor, a fructose-bisphosphatase inhibitor, a pyruvate dehydrogenase inhibitor, a hepatic gluconeogenesis inhibitor, D-chiroinsitol, a glycogen synthase kinase-3 inhibitor, glucagon-like peptide-1, a glucagon-like peptide-1 analogue, a glucagon-like peptide-1 agonist, amylin, an amylin analogue, an amylin agonist, an aldose reductase inhibitor, an advanced glycation endproducts formation inhibitor, a protein kinase C inhibitor, a γ -aminobutyric acid receptor antagonist, a sodium channel antagonist, a transcript factor NF- κ B inhibitor, a lipid peroxidase inhibitor, an *N*-acetylated- α -linked-acid-dipeptidase inhibitor, insulin-like growth factor-I, platelet-derived growth factor, a platelet-derived growth factor analogue, epidermal growth factor, nerve growth factor, a carnitine derivative, uridine, 5-hydroxy-1-methylhydantoin, EGB-761, bimoclolol, sulodexide, Y-128, a hydroxymethyl-glutaryl coenzyme A reductase inhibitor, a fibric acid derivative, a β_3 -adrenoceptor agonist, an acyl-coenzyme A: cholesterol acyltransferase inhibitor, probcol, a thyroid hormone receptor agonist, a cholesterol absorption inhibitor, a lipase inhibitor, a microsomal triglyceride transfer protein inhibitor, a lipoxygenase inhibitor, a carnitine palmitoyl-transferase inhibitor, a squalene synthase inhibitor, a low-density lipoprotein receptor enhancer, a nicotinic acid derivative, a bile acid sequestrant, a sodium/bile acid cotransporter inhibitor, a cholesterol ester transfer protein inhibitor, an appetite suppressant, an angiotensin-converting

enzyme inhibitor, a neutral endopeptidase inhibitor, an angiotensin II receptor antagonist, an endothelin-converting enzyme inhibitor, an endothelin receptor antagonist, a diuretic agent, a calcium antagonist, a vasodilating antihypertensive agent, a sympathetic blocking agent, a centrally acting antihypertensive agent, an α_2 -adrenoceptor agonist, an antiplatelets agent, a uric acid synthesis inhibitor, a uricosuric agent and a urinary alkalinizer.

Claim 23 (canceled).

24. (new): A method for the treatment as claimed in claim 10, wherein the disease associated with hyperglycemia is diabetes.

25. (new): A method for the treatment as claimed in claim 10, wherein the disease associated with hyperglycemia is diabetic complications.

26. (new): A method for the treatment as claimed in claim 10, wherein the disease associated with hyperglycemia is obesity.

27. (new): A method for inhibiting a human SGLT2, which comprises administering an effective amount of a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof.

28. (new): A method for inhibiting a human SGLT2, which comprises administering an effective amount of a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic derivative as claimed in claim 2, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a prodrug thereof.